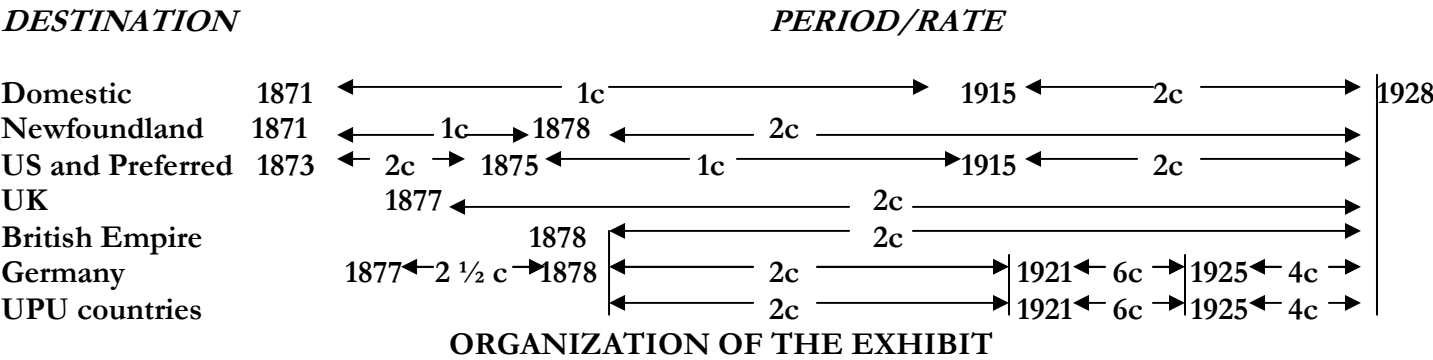


POSTAL HISTORY AND USAGES OF THE CANADA POST CARD

1871 – 1928

This exhibit shows the evolution of the uses of the post card in Canada from its introduction in 1871 to 1928. This represents two periods, 1871 – 1878 and 1878 to 1928, the first the pre-Universal Postal Union (pre-UPU) period and the second the UPU period. While domestic usages were not governed directly by international agreements, they began early to affect the size, colour, and ratings of cards as well as regulation of auxiliary services such as registration and special delivery, also later broadening the definition of the post card from government-printed only to private post card.

The exhibit is organized into two sections, pre UPU (1 frame) and UPU (7 frames);the UPU frames are organized by destination/continent and within each frame take a time-line approach, illustrating the development of rates, regulations for production, and auxiliary services by periods that conform approximately to the Victorian, Edwardian, and George V reigns for each. The exhibit stops at 1928 to coincide with the end of the first definitive series known as the Admiral issue and an approximate 50 years of UPU. The various rates are shown below.



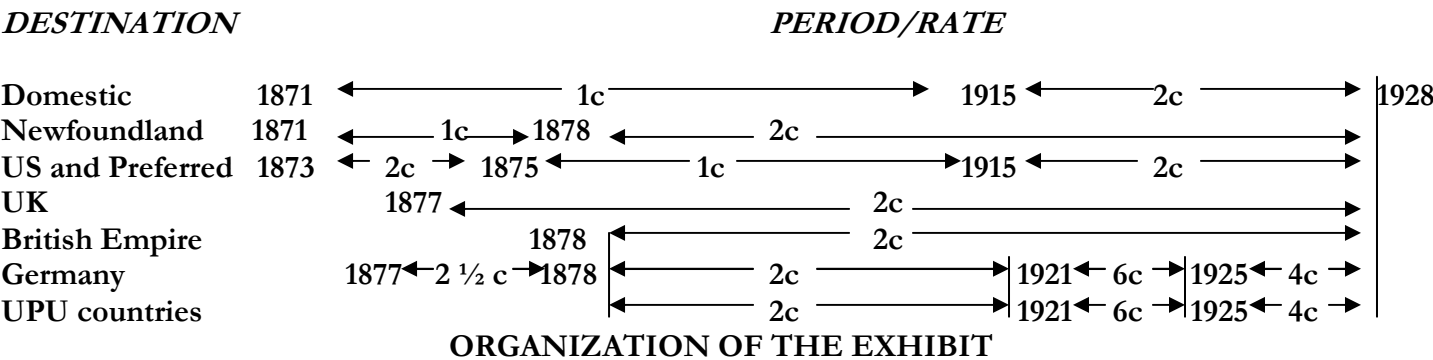
FRAME	EMPHASIS	RATES/USAGES
1	Pre-UPU 1871-1878	Domestic, including <i>earliest</i> used card, registration; Newfoundland 1c, 2c, printed matter; US 2c, 1c, short-paid; Germany 2 1/2 c rate card; UK printed matter, letter rate, early 2c Empire card usage; France pre-UPU card use of Empire card
2	Domestic 1878-1928	Registration before and after required RLS period, special delivery, soldier's cards, internee and POW cards, 1/2c card usage
3,4	UPU, Preferred to Americas	To US, including special delivery and airmail cards; preferred rate for Central America and Caribbean, 2c 1878-1928: UPU rates to South America; routing via US: Caribbean, Mexico, Central & South America; ship letter to Barbados; soldier's letter to Peru;
5,6	UPU, to Europe	To UK, France, Germany; registered card to Austrian Empire; almost all European empires/countries before and after WWI, Iceland, Crete, etc.
7	UPU, to Africa,	Routings via Europe to British Empire, German East Africa, British and French Colonies, Congo Free State, Egypt, Ottoman Empire, Persia
8	UPU, to Far East, Oceania	Routing via Vancouver and US; early card to Japan; to Indochina, Shanghai, China, Macao, India, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, Siam, Borneo, Oceania
		● Outstanding items are noted with a red dot

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Outstanding items are noted with a red dot ●		

SUMMARY OF EXHIBIT

This exhibit was built in part from the approach taken in Allan Steinhart's collection, published by Hennok. *The Postal History of the Post Card in Canada 1871 – 1911*, 1986, and in part from my collection of Admiral era postal history that included post card rates, which encompassed the period 1912 to 1928. This seemed a pleasing period, since it encompassed two different collecting eras. While Steinhart did not distinguish the early period, I have divided it in to two parts, the pre-UPU or early development period of the post card, 1871 to early August 1878, and the UPU period, August 1878 to the end of 1928. The latter conveniently spans the first 50 years of the post card in Canada. The early period saw several different rates applied to different countries as Canada made bilateral treaties regarding the use of its postal cards. After Canada joined the UPU in 1878 rates became uniform, divided into domestic, preferred foreign and British Empire (generally identical), and UPU. While an early UPU surtax was listed for particularly remote locations no examples have survived. Thereafter, the only changes came with UPU agreements in 1921, raising cards from 2c each to 6c each, and then reducing them to 4c each in 1925. While registration was available from the early period, all such items are rare whether domestic or foreign, and registered cards are known only to the US, England, Germany, and Austria in the entire 1875-1928 period, with fewer than 10 recorded to the US and only 1 or 2 to the other destinations. Special delivery was available only domestically, perhaps 6 or so recorded, and to the US with US stamps until 1923, again about 6 recorded, and one or two recorded thereafter.

In Canada government post cards were required for transmission domestically until 1895 and externally in the late 1890s to various countries. This prompted the development of private advertising cards, tourist cards, and business forms sent as cards. The rules for their physical layout and size resulted in various violations that are represented in this exhibit.

Another aspect of post card rates was short payment, for which examples of various procedures over the period are shown in the exhibit. Prior to the UPU agreements, underpaid cards, always to foreign destinations since only government cards were considered post cards, were treated usually as shortpaid letters, and rare or unique examples to the US and UK are shown. After UPU agreements examples are shown to various destinations with UPU shortpaid marks and for some countries with postage due or regular issue stamps paying the deficiencies. While deficiencies were typically double the short payment, a very unusual modification was made in the 1920s due to inflation and is shown and discussed in the exhibit as the 5/8 rule, since the deficiency was reduced to 5/8ths of the intended amount due. This has not previously been either reported or shown for Canada post cards, although I showed it in my Admiral era rate exhibit.

In addition to intended usage of the post card to transmit personal messages (post cards were listed under and considered an aspect of letter transmission, termed first class mail by the Canada Post Office in 1889), other uses were made of the cards, including drop letters and printed matter (third class mail), since the rates were the same. Drop letter usage can be distinguished from printed matter under two conditions: a handwritten message was included or from 1882-1889 the card was registered, which was not allowed for post cards during that period. Cards were printed on the back from the very first usage, shown in the exhibit as the earliest recorded card on the second page of the exhibit, to be used as printed matter. Since the printed matter rate was 1c for the first unit weight (this varied over the years from 1 to 4 ounces), the two were indistinguishable domestically, although it mattered for foreign destinations since these were 2c (or higher after 1921). The earliest usage of a card overseas, to the UK, illustrates this in the exhibit for pre-UPU usage, and many examples are shown after UPU entry in 1878 to various countries.

The focus of the discussion above is on rates and uses of post cards. The second emphasis in this exhibit is on destinations. This is the result of the way Canadian mail was sent out of country in the 19th and early 20th centuries. Since with a particular period the same rate would apply to large segments of the world, so that in extreme a single example could be used to represent the rate. If one only showed rates, less than a frame would suffice to exhibit almost all variations. A single card to one British Empire country would represent that rate over the entire UPU period. How cards got to places such as Gabon, Uganda, or Fanning Island, however, presents an interesting emphasis. General principles for conveyance are known from letter mail contracts and postal regulations, although for many destinations the exact conveyance is not known or not likely to be determined. Thus, virtually all mails for the Caribbean, Central, and South America from Canada went through

the US. Until late in the 19th century it mostly went either through New York City to ships or by train to New Orleans for ships or Texas border cities to connect to Mexican trains. At that point some west coast routes became available through Vancouver to San Francisco or other coast cities and onward by ship.

Mail for Europe went either by ship from Montreal/Halifax or to New York. Many contract ship lines carried mails by the time post cards were in common use to Europe, and cards were directed to Liverpool, London, and onward or directly to France or Germany for further distribution.

Mails for Africa depended on destination: cards to British Commonwealth colonies typically went with British lines either down the west coast to Cape of Good Hope or through the Mediterranean to Egypt and then via Suez and Aden to the east coast. Cards to French possessions went to France first, then usually to Marseilles to North Africa, from Calais via ship to West African colonies. Cards for the Congo went via Belgium first, and cards for German African destinations likely first to Hamburg, although it is possible that they may have cleared London directly to ports served by German coastal ships in Africa, as appeared to be the case with the card to German East Africa in 1893 shown in the exhibit. Only two such cards have been recorded, the other to German Southwest Africa shown in Steinhart's collection. Cards to the Middle East went via the Mediterranean on British carriers typically to enter the Ottoman postal system, Cards to Turkey and Persia are shown in the exhibit.

Cards to Asia traveled east when the destination was western Asia, via Vancouver or San Francisco when directed toward eastern Asia. Of course some inconsistencies exist, but as only some cards received transit marks, it is often difficult to determine the direction on cards after the 19th century. Thus, India, Ceylon, Singapore, and Straits Settlements generally went via London; cards for Japan, China, and Oceania went west. The length of time from posting to delivery are often much longer to Oceania, and this reflects the longer travel times to Australia, Fiji, or New Zealand.

The exhibit consists of 8 frames organized into five sections.

FRAME 1: The first section consists of the first frame, showing early uses of the post card prior to entry into UPU. Domestic usage is highlighted by the recently discovered earliest recorded use of the first Canada post card. The card was issued June 1 according to official records and private reports, and the card is printed with a June 3 date and June 5 date used locally in Montreal. The earliest registration of a post card, ex Harrison, is shown, usage of the card as a label for parcel post (also ex Harrison). In foreign uses the earliest recorded card to Newfoundland in 1871 (or any other foreign destination) is shown; prior to agreement on the exchange of cards, it was sent as printed matter. A shortpaid card to the US during the 1872-1875 2c rate period is shown as a completely unpaid letter, 10c due during this period. A card sent to the UK in 1871 with 1c stamp added pays the printed matter rate prior to a post card agreement and is the earliest card sent overseas. A card sent prior to post card agreement is shown treated as a part-paid letter with deficiency due to the UK. Finally, one of two recorded 2 ½ c rated cards to Germany during the 1877-78 treaty rate period is shown to end the frame. This was discovered by the exhibitor and is the confirming example of the rate. Identical to the first example, shown on the front of Steinhart's *The Postal History of the Post Card in Canada 1878-1911*, published in 1979. This is arguably one of the rarest of all Canadian postal rates and is the highlight of the entire exhibit.

FRAME 2: This frame shows domestic usages of post cards from 1878 to 1928. The period is not important for domestic usage but was placed for consistency with the rest of the exhibit. Highlights include a 2c registered card used in 1881, a drop letter usage registered in 1884, and two cards registered at the 5c rate in 1891 and 1897, the first with the 5c registered letter stamp, the latter with a 5c regular issued stamp. These are extremely rare usages and few others have been reported. The latter is ex-Steinhart, and the former is unrecorded previously used in the 5c registration period with registered letter stamp and may be unique. A card with special delivery stamp used in 1899 is shown, quite rare. In the George V period examples of permit mail cards are shown, scarce.

FRAME 3-4: These frames show postcards used to the Americas.

Frame 3 leads off with a 5c registered postcard to the US in 1891 forwarded to College Station TX. I discovered the addressee was a relative of a professor at the Texas A&M College who taught there only two years. Also on the first page is one of the 4-5 recorded post cards to the US with US special delivery stamp attached for service

in the US in the Victorian era. Also to the US are shown a special delivery post card used in 1918 with US stamps, a post card sent via airmail in March 1928 with US airmail stamp, and another post card with both US airmail and special delivery stamps. The latter paid for SD service in the US, not in Canada (as did the airmail stamps in this period prior to August, 1928). A ½ c reply card used from Chicago to Toronto is exhibited, also rare. A card to St. Pierre & Miquelon 1888 is very scarce to rare; the earliest recorded piece of mail to Mexico is shown with an 1882 post card. Cards to Central America, Cuba, and Panama and Colombia complete the frame, the card to Panama probably unique.

Frame 4 continues cards to the Caribbean with scarce cards to Porto Rico, Barbados with Ship Letter cancel, Antigua, St. Vincent, Guadeloupe, and Curacao. The frame continues with cards to South America, which went via east coast and west coast of South America routes. An 1882 card to Buenos Aires is rare, and a new find, the only recorded example of 19th century mail to Paraguay, 1895, are shown. An 1883 card to Peru from Henry Hechler is shown, as is a WW I soldier's letter from France to Lima, unpaid but accepted without charge, complete the highlights of this frame.

Frames 5-6: These frames show the commonest destinations for post cards, Europe. All major countries are represented. As more common destinations, the cards presented were chosen to highlight special conditions, rates, or frankings.

Frame 5: The use of the UK post card to France in May 1879 prior to issuance of a 2c UPU card is one of only 3 or 4 such usages recorded. A shortpaid card to France shows use of a French postage due stamp in 1893. A patriotic card sent in 1898 to France in 1898 was contrary to UPU regulations and rated a shortpaid letter. Examples of shortpaid cards in the Admiral period illustrate use of French postage for the amounts due. Similar cards are shown for cards to Belgium. A German reply card from Canada franked with a 2c Canadian Small Queen is shown, unnecessary under UPU regulation but apparently required by an unknowledgeable clerk. Also, use of the 1898 Map stamp to Germany is shown, very unusual. Shortpaid cards and a nonconforming card to Germany are shown for Victorian and George V periods, including examples in the 6c and 4c rate periods. A shortpaid 1896 card to Vienna with Austro-Hungarian postage dues completes the frame.

Frame 6: The first page shows a registered postcard sent to Innsbruck in 1906. Registered cards to UPU countries are rare in all periods covered here. A shortpaid card to Norway in 1924 exhibits Norwegian postage dues, one of which has a rare listed flaw. Cards are shown to Iceland, an extremely difficult destination to acquire. Cards to Russian Empire conquered lands, including Latvia, Finland, and Poland, are shown, all scarce to rare. An 1886 card to Bulgaria is perhaps unique; Bulgaria was quasi-independent from the Ottoman Empire but was a nominal suzerainty, and the card went through Constantinople. Finally, an equally scarce card to Greece from 1890 is shown.

Frame 7: This frame focuses on African destinations. This frame has perhaps the scarcest destinations overall in the exhibit, as very little material to Africa has emerged in the last century. A card to South Africa, ex Steinhart, includes the scarce "POST CARDS TO THIS ADDRESS CANNOT BE FORWARDED" notation as interior provinces and colonies were not listed in the UPU or Empire scheme. A 1907 card to Fort Hall, then in Uganda Protectorate (only established in 1898) is shown, having traversed Suez and the east coast to Zanzibar and Nairobi. A card to German East Africa, mentioned earlier, is the only example of any mail matter to German East Africa from Canada. Cards to the Congo Free State and to Belgian Congo are also rare. Cards are shown to Senegal, French Congo, and Gabon in the George V period, all unique to my knowledge. 1897 and 1899 cards to Algeria are the only recorded in the 19th century, as is an 1893 card to Tunisia, ex Steinhart. An 1898 card to Canary Islands is also unique to date. The frame ends with the only recorded mail item to Persia in the 19th century.

Frame 8: This frame shows Asian destinations. An 1894 card to Singapore is rare for 19th century. Cards to Vietnam between 1907 and 1911 have not been previously recorded prior to WW I. An 1893 card to the Philippines, ex Steinhart, is the earliest mail there. A shortpaid 4c rate card illustrates the 5/8 rule applied in 1928 to Japan. An 1896 card to Hawaii is rare, one other example recorded. The frame ends with a card to Fanning Island in 1903, one of two recorded examples prior to WW I; Fanning Island was annexed by the UK in 1888 to aid in laying a Pacific telegraph cable.

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Steinhart, A. L. The Postal History of the Post Card in Canada 1871 – 1911. Toronto: Jim A. Hennok, 1986.

Harrison, H. W., Arfken, G. B., & Lussey, H. W. Canada's Registered Mail 1802 – 1909. Chicago: The Collectors Club of Chicago, 2002.

DOMESTIC POST CARDS

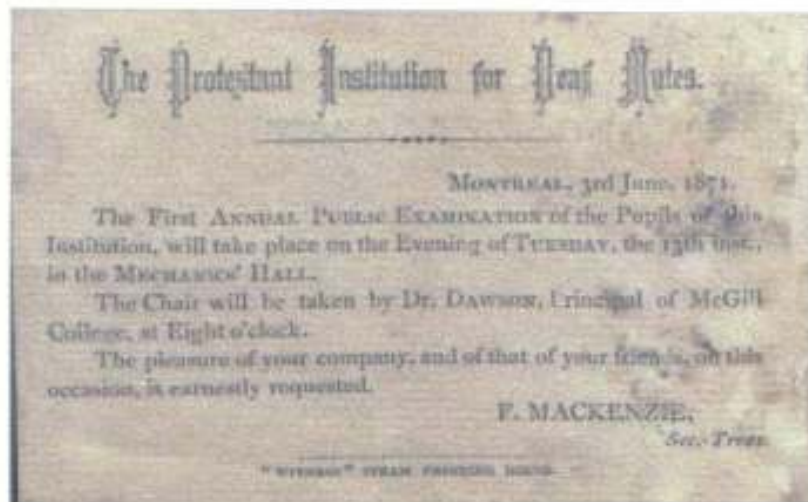
Government post cards were issued June 1, 1871 

Earliest recorded use of Canada government post card



Montreal, June 5, 1871, local use- printed announcement with June 3 date

Back of card



DOMESTIC POST CARDS

1871 - 1878 - only government post cards permitted

1871 usages



Port Hope JY 18
to Kingston

fancy Maltese cross cancel
Kingston SP 29 to Hamilton
SP 20 receiver



Fitch Bay QUE SP 29
to Montreal, SP 30 receiver

DOMESTIC POST CARDS

1871 - 1878 - only government post cards permitted
1872 usages



fancy cancel
Toronto MR 19
to Simcoe
MR 20 receiver



2-ring 15 cancel
Brantford MR 20
to Hamilton

2-ring 19 cancel, rare in period
Peterboro AUG 23 to Toronto
AUG 24 receiver



2-ring 52
Clinton JY 24 to London
JY 25 receiver



DOMESTIC POST CARDS

1871 - 1895 - only government post cards permitted
1873-78 usages



Peterboro FEB 3, 1876 to London
FEB 4 receiver

WAY LETTER cancel

Toronto DEC 19, 1877 receiver



Use of 2c United Kingdom card
Overpaid 1c

Toronto JY 10, 1877
local card
carrier transit 1:30 JUL 10

DOMESTIC POST CARDS

1871 - 1878

Registration available 2c per card, 1871-1882

No registered cards recorded prior to issuance of 2c registered letter stamp

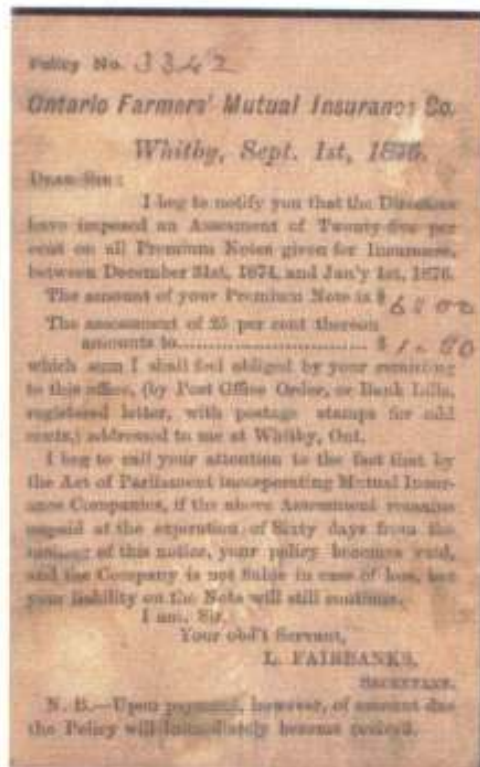
Earliest recorded registered post card



Whitby SP 1, 1876 to Oshawa

ex - Harrison

Insurance dues notice



DOMESTIC POST CARDS 1871 - 1878

Unusual usages

Card used as pastenup label on newspaper for parcel post
at least 25c postage applied, 2 x 5c + part of 3rd stamp on card



St. Patrick Channel, NS AUG 19, 1878 to Toronto

ex Harrison

reverse - part of newspaper used for wrapping parcel



POST CARDS TO FOREIGN DESTINATIONS

TO NEWFOUNDLAND

1c per card
1872 - 1878

Earliest recorded post card sent to a foreign destination - usage as printed matter prior to post card rate



Quebec DEC 15, 1871 to St. John's

reverse of card - printed matter



POST CARDS TO FOREIGN DESTINATIONS

TO NEWFOUNDLAND

1c per card

November 1, 1872 – July 31, 1878

Routing: through Boston or Portland to Halifax

Maps courtesy of www.theodora.com used with permission



Brockville MAY 29, 1877 (manuscript docket) to St. John's



Montreal, undated, to St. John, NB, SP 21, 1876, forwarded to St. John's, Halifax SP 22 transit

POST CARDS TO FOREIGN DESTINATIONS

TO THE UNITED STATES

2c per card
July 15, 1873 – January 31, 1875



Very early date of rate

Ottawa AUG 20, 1873
to New York City

St. John NB OC 15, 1874
to Boston via rail through Bangor



Kingston JY 21, 1874
To Watertown NY

POST CARDS TO FOREIGN DESTINATIONS

TO THE UNITED STATES

2c per card

July 15, 1873 – January 31, 1875

SHORTPAID POST CARD



*per agreement, part paid cards were treated as unpaid letters,
due 10c in the US, no credit for part payment*

London duplex 6 in grid

'10' and 'DUE 10' band cancels



London JAN 13, 1875, to Springfield Mass.

Mailed two and one half weeks later, this card would pass at 1c

POST CARDS TO FOREIGN DESTINATIONS

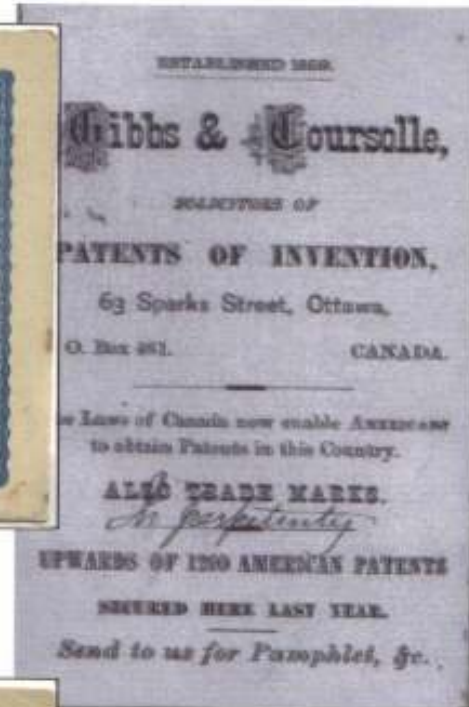
TO THE UNITED STATES

1c per card

February 1, 1875 - onward



Ottawa JUN 10, 1875 to New York City
advertising card, could pass at printed matter rate, but with slower service



Toronto JY 12, 1875 to Boston

BOSTON MASS CARRIER JUL 13
bandstamp

2c per card
January 1, 1877 - July 31, 1878

usage of post card as as printed matter
earliest recorded use of a card to UK or any other overseas destination



Montreal NOV 24, 1871 to London

ex Harrison

CANADIAN SECURITIES.			
EDWARD ALEX. PRENTICE,			
40 ST. FRANCIS XAVIER STREET,			
MONTREAL, 200, N. B. ST., QUEBEC, 101.			
SHARE LIST.	BUYERS.	SELLERS.	Transactions.
Bank of Montreal	111	107	111
Canadian Bank	108	105	
Bank of Nova Scotia	112		
C. B. Bank	112	91	
Empire of Canada	112	112	
Maritime Bank	112	112	
Bank of Victoria	101	101	
Bank of Western Canada	101	101	
Bank of New Brunswick	101	101	
Bank of St. John's	101	101	
Bank of St. James	101	101	
Bank of St. Lawrence	101	101	
Bank of St. Mary	101	101	
Bank of St. Michael	101	101	
Bank of St. Patrick	101	101	
Bank of St. Peter	101	101	
Bank of St. Paul	101	101	
Bank of St. Raphael	101	101	
Bank of St. Vincent	101	101	
Bank of St. John's	101	101	
Bank of St. James	101	101	
Bank of St. Lawrence	101	101	
Bank of St. Mary	101	101	
Bank of St. Michael	101	101	
Bank of St. Patrick	101	101	
Bank of St. Peter	101	101	
Bank of St. Paul	101	101	
Bank of St. Raphael	101	101	
Bank of St. Vincent	101	101	
Bank of St. John's	101	101	
Bank of St. James	101	101	
Bank of St. Lawrence	101	101	
Bank of St. Mary	101	101	
Bank of St. Michael	101	101	
Bank of St. Patrick	101	101	
Bank of St. Peter	101	101	
Bank of St. Paul	101	101	
Bank of St. Raphael	101	101	
Bank of St. Vincent	101	101	
Bank of St. John's	101	101	
Bank of St. James	101	101	
Bank of St. Lawrence	101	101	
Bank of St. Mary	101	101	
Bank of St. Michael	101	101	
Bank of St. Patrick	101	101	
Bank of St. Peter	101	101	
Bank of St. Paul	101	101	
Bank of St. Raphael	101	101	
Bank of St. Vincent	101	101	
Bank of St. John's	101	101	
Bank of St. James	101	101	
Bank of St. Lawrence	101	101	
Bank of St. Mary	101	101	
Bank of St. Michael	101	101	
Bank of St. Patrick	101	101	
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Bank of St. Lawrence	101	101	
Bank of St. Mary	101	101	
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Bank of St. Paul	101	101	
Bank of St. Raphael	101	101	
Bank of St. Vincent	101	101	
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Bank of St. Patrick	101	101	
Bank of St. Peter	101	101	
Bank of St. Paul	101	101	
Bank of St. Raphael	101	101	
Bank of St. Vincent	101	101	
Bank of St. John's	101	101	
Bank of St. James	101	101	
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Bank of St. James	101	101	
Bank of St. Lawrence	101	101	
Bank of St. Mary	101	101	
Bank of St. Michael	101	101	
Bank of St. Patrick	101	101	
Bank of St. Peter	101	101	

POST CARDS TO FOREIGN DESTINATIONS

TO THE UNITED KINGDOM

2c per card

January 1, 1877 – July 31, 1878

usage of post card as a letter, shortpaid for 5c rate, shortpaid
rated double deficiency = 10c due, credited 3c leaves 7c due = 3 1/2 d, manuscript noted



Inverness, QUE MY 26, 1876 to Brighton

Exc. Harrison

POST CARDS TO FOREIGN DESTINATIONS

TO THE UNITED KINGDOM

2c per card

January 1, 1877 – July 31, 1878

early usages of new 2c card made available for mail to UK



Halifax, JAN 13, 1877 to Winchester, JAN 24 receiver



Lennoxville, QUE FEB 16, 1877 to London, MAR 3 receiver

POST CARDS TO FOREIGN DESTINATIONS
TO GERMANY

2 ½ c per card

April 1, 1877 – July 31, 1878

special concession half-letter rate

*only two recorded examples, both to same destination with same receiver
½ c stamp replaced*



Routing through St. Paul, Chicago- either to Montreal or to New York, closed bag to London and/or Hamburg



Winnipeg JUN 12, 1877 to Hamburg, JY 17 receiver

DOMESTIC POST CARDS

1878 - 1894 - only government post cards permitted

Western mails routed through the US until 1885

Winnipeg SP 2, 1884 to Toronto
Carrier mark 8AM/SEP/6



"Quebec" in duplex cancel
Quebec AU 30, 1880
Free city delivery

Winnipeg OC 20, 1892
to Portage La Prairie, OC 20 rcvr



Plate number 8 top right corner

"GWR WEST AP 1 (18)80"
"EXPRESS"
to Toronto, city delivery
AP 2 receiver

DOMESTIC POST CARDS

1878 – 1894 - only government post cards permitted

Registration available 2c per card, 1871- 1882

Printed court announcement, registration not available for printed matter
Could also be considered drop letter, indistinguishable from post card until April 11, 1882



Yarmouth JU 23, 1881 drop letter or post card use

Use of private card as a drop letter, April 11, 1882 – May 7, 1889, letter registration 2c
Court notice



London ONT, MY 10, 1884

DOMESTIC POST CARDS

1878 - 1915 1c per card

POST CARDS USED AS PRINTED MATTER



Address labels not allowed on post cards until 1895, allowed on printed matter

London JU 17, 1884
to St. Thomas

Address label allowed
Toronto JA 7, 1897
To Paris Station, JA 8 rcvr



Private card used as printed matter, "PRIVATE POST CARD" required to be printed if used as a card as of JAN 1, 1895
Toronto APL 11, 1895 to
Upper Stewiacke NS

DOMESTIC POST CARDS

1871-1915

1c per card

Registration available 5c per card, 1889-1920

Registered letter stamp no longer required

Commercial correspondence



Lawrenceville AU 21, 1891 to Montreal, Au 22 receiver

Use of regular postage stamp to pay registration

Shareholder meeting notice



Norwich ONT, JA 4, 1897 to Hamilton, JA 5 receiver

DOMESTIC POST CARDS
1871-1915 1c per card
PRIVATE CARDS ALLOWED JAN. 1, 1895

Hamilton MY 25, 1895
to Gravenhurst

Montreal SEP 14, 1896
to Moncton, NS



Dartmouth NS OC 19. 1896
To Stewiacke NS

Toronto FEB 27, 1897
to Paris ONT

DOMESTIC POST CARDS
1871-1915 1c per card
PRIVATE CARDS ALLOWED JAN. 1, 1895



Hamilton to
Newcastle NB
DE 4, 1899 rcvr

Toronto AU 3, 1901
to Brockville, AU 4 rcvr



Hamilton to Newcastle
DEC 4, 1899 rcvr

DOMESTIC POST CARDS

1871-1915 1c per card

Advertising on government cards

Permitted Dec. 9, 1897

PLEASE NAIL THIS UP



ALL OUR NAILS ARE PUT UP IN RED END

Good Morning!

HAVE YOU USED

GRAHAM NAILS

IF YOUR DEALER DOES NOT HANDLE
ORDER DIRECT FROM

THE GRAHAM NAIL WORKS

PHONE 3428

293 DUFFERIN ST., TOR.

Our
Specialties:

BLUED
AND COATED
WIRE NAILS
SPECIAL NAILS
MADE
TO ORDER
PROMPTLY.

NOVEMBER, 1900.

WIRE	WIRE	WIRE	WIRE	WIRE	WIRE	WIRE	WIRE	WIRE	WIRE
4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33

Our
Spec

CU
SH
NA
COO
WH
NA

Willie—"What's S. G. S. & Co., M. stand for?"
Bessie—"Why, that's where grandpa gets his lovely
Dry Goods for his store."
Willie—"I wish papa would start store, too."



We better order our Dry Goods now.

S.G.S. & CO.
M



THE SPACE BELOW IS RESERVED FOR ADDRESS ONLY.

John Allan &
My "Furnisher
and Friend"
Montreal

... 13 to 17 ...

King Street,
Saint John, N. B.

T. McAVITY & SONS,

HARDWARE MERCHANTS,
AND MANUFACTURERS.



THE SPACE BELOW IS RESERVED FOR ADDRESS ONLY.



Union Trust Building
Jesse Rivers
W.D.

RAMSAY'S EXT



TRADE MARK

MR. P. K.

With a full line of
interesting in

BRUSHES, V.

Any commands you may
attention.

COLORS, ARTISTS'

Established 1852.

GILLETT'S GOODS

ARE THE BEST!

Imperial Baking Powder.
Gillett's Perfumed Lye.
Magic Baking Soda.
Gillett's Cream Tartar.
Magic Baking Powder.
Gillett's Washing Crystal.
Cream Yeast Cakes.
Gillett's Extracts.
Royal Yeast Cakes.

THE SPACE BELOW IS RESERVED FOR ADDRESS ONLY.

Mess. Jaffer Bros
Bellingwood
but-



DOMESTIC POST CARDS

1871-1915

1c per card

Special Delivery available 10c per card, 1898-1921

Invitation to dinner



Hamilton MR 9, 1899 local delivery

Si non délivrée dans les 24 heures, renvoyez :
Chambre 9, Bâtiment "La Presse".



Avec les Compliments de U. H. Soudard.



DOMESTIC POST CARDS
1871-1915 1c per card
Advertising on government cards
Permitted Dec. 9, 1897

THE SPACE

*Ver
63*

CANADA POST CARD

THE ADDRESS TO BE WRITTEN ON THIS SIDE



C.W.C. Barwell, Esq.,
Dawson,
Y.T.



THE SPACE

MIR. J. A.

RIV

JOHN MILLEN & SONS

HARDWARE MERCHANTS,
BICYCLE PARTS AND SUNDRIES.



THE SPACE BELOW IS RESERVED FOR ADDRESS ONLY.



THE WANA HOTEL, BOWMAN POINT, LAKE OF BAYS
HIGHLANDS OF ONTARIO
GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM



OK

THE SPACE BELOW IS RESERVED FOR ADDRESS ONLY.

*Sabat Mfg Co
Brunswick
Me*

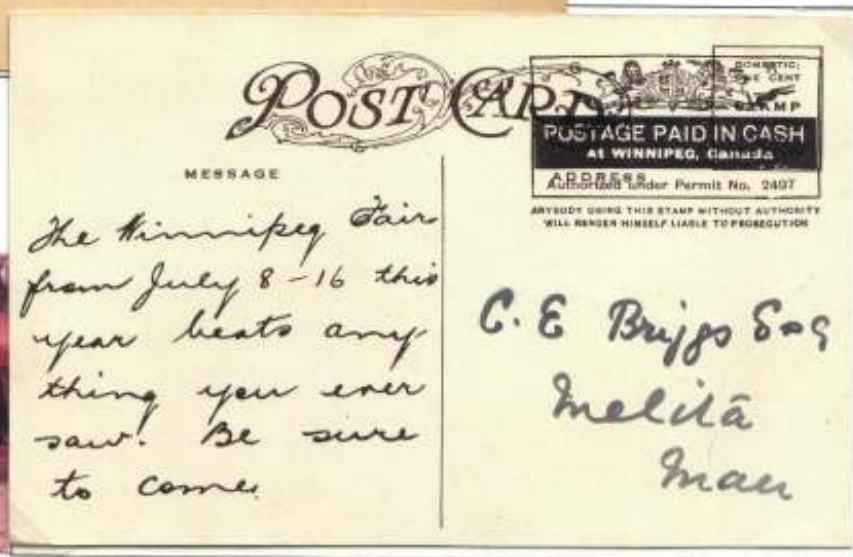
1/4" around stamp
not accommodated

DOMESTIC POST CARDS

1871-1915 1c per card
Permit mail post cards



Ad card for the Winnipeg Fair
July 8-16, 1912?



DOMESTIC POST CARDS

1871-1915 1c per card

Soldier's card from France, stamp affixed by Canadian Post Office

1c rate in effect January-April, 1915



April 1, -1915-1943 2c per card

3rd Brigade,
1st Div to Toronto
MAR 29, 1925 rcvr

Soldier's card from France, stamp
affixed by Canadian Post Office

from "Can. Gen. Hospital, France"
To Hamilton,
MAY 29, 1926 rcvr



Prisoner of War card
from Germany
Stamp affixed by Canadian
Post Office
POW camp in Holland
to London, APR 15 rcvr

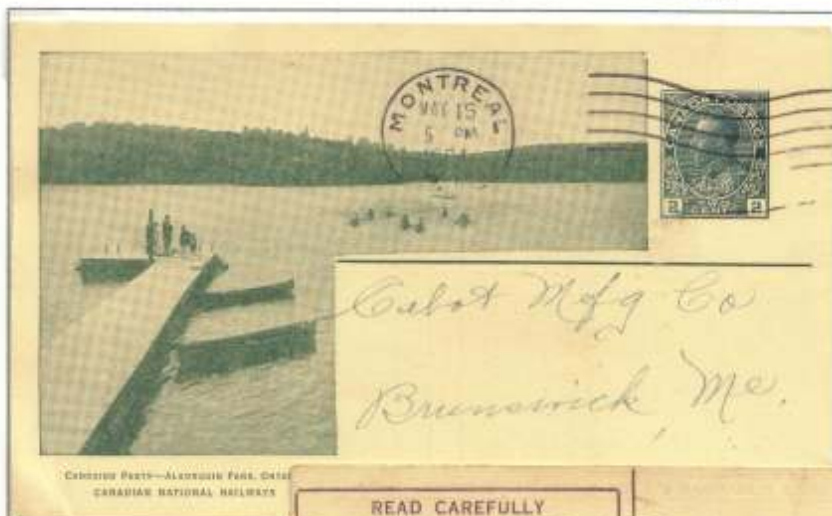
DOMESTIC POST CARDS

April 1, -1915-1943 2c per card
Private post cards



DOMESTIC POST CARDS

April 1, -1915-1943 2c per card
Government post cards with advertising



Use as printed matter
Montreal to Toronto, 1917

DOMESTIC POST CARDS

Business Reply Cards

½ c per card, April 12, 1924 - ?



Spencerville JA 23, 1926 to Toronto (cancel on back)

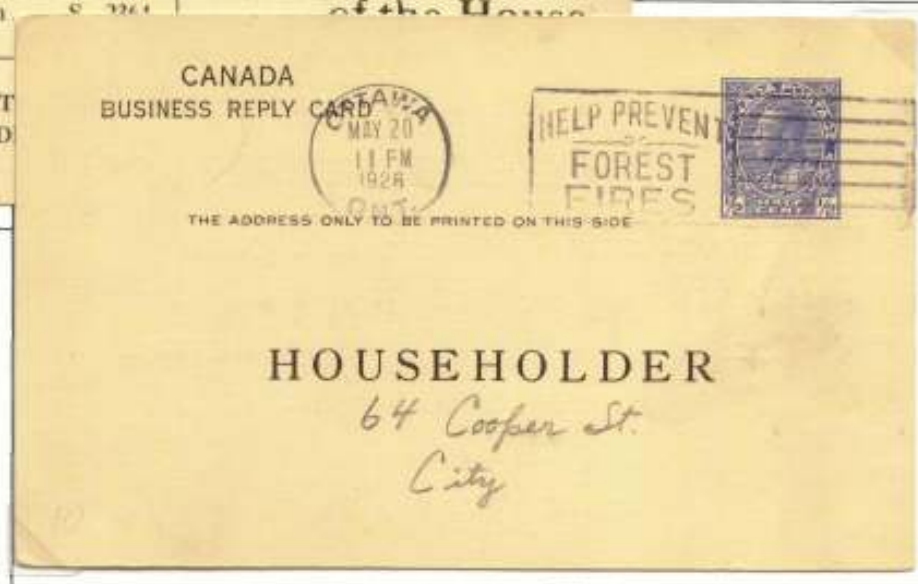
DOMESTIC POST CARDS

Business Reply Cards improperly used as printed circulars

Accepted by post office

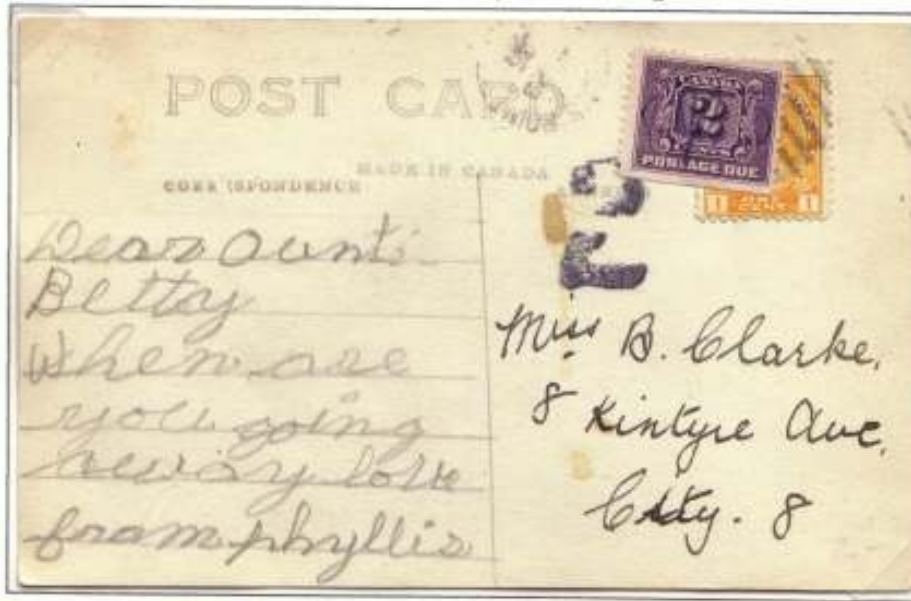
1/2 c per piece put up singly, April 29, 1925 - 1933

March 1927
cancel on back



DOMESTIC POST CARDS

April 1, -1915-1943 2c per card
Shortpaid 1c, 2c Postage Due

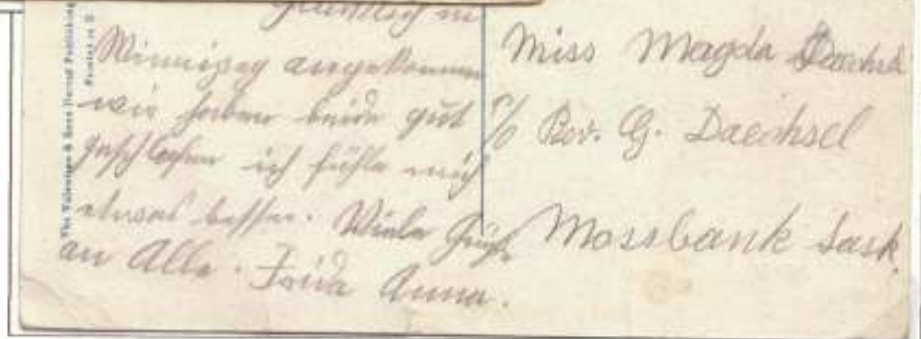


Jackson Point, ONT
JUN 23, 1926 local
2c postage due stamp
"2" mark



1c from Cuba, due 2c
"HAVANA 1 Cuba" due
2 1c Admirals used
to Chicoutimi, QUE
FEB 6, 1924 rcvr

"2 Cents Due"
Winnipeg SEP 20, 1924
To Mossbank SASK



POST CARDS TO THE AMERICAS

POST CARDS TO THE UNITED STATES – UPU Period

February 1, 1875 – April 14, 1915

1c per card

Registration 5c per card, available January 1, 1875



Montreal Feb. 25, 1891 to Brooklyn, NY, forwarded to College Station TX

ex: Lacey, Harrison

Special Delivery 10c per card paid with US stamps available in Canada Post Offices after 1893
Railroad freight advice



Sherkston, ONT, JUL 6, 1901 to Buffalo, JUL 6 receiver

Patriotic cards to the US



Niagara Falls tourist card
Port Hawksbury NS SP 7, 1900
To Gorrell Mass



Peterboro JU 29, 1899
to New Albany, IN

Rossland BC
AU 8, 1899
to Northport WA



Advertising cards to the US

Toronto Expo card
AU 26, 1901
to Manchester NH



Montmagny QUE
FE 16, 1901
to Burlington VT

Epworth League
Convention
Toronto
JY 18, 1897
to Boston, JY 20 rcvr



POST CARDS TO THE UNITED STATES – UPU Period

1c per card

February 1, 1875 – April 14, 1915

Very early use of Admiral stamp
Toronto JAN 6, 1912 to
Buffalo



Reply card to the US
Montreal MAY 11, 1905
To Wilkinsburg PA

Montreal JUL 20, 1908
To New York,
forwarded to Brooklyn



POST CARDS TO THE UNITED STATES – UPU Period

1c per card

February 1, 1875 – April 14, 1915

1c stamps not available in the
Yukon

Dawson MY 13, 191004 to
Philadelphia, JUN 12 revr



Dawson DE 24, 1908
to Petersburg ND

Diamond dust on card
Not allowed at postcard
rate, charged at letter rate
returned, additional 1c
added; incorrectly charged

Montreal MAY 7, 1909
to Roxbury, MA





POST CARDS TO THE UNITED STATES - UPU Period

April 15, -1915-1943

2c per card

Special Delivery service available in the US with US stamps, 10c made available in Canada post offices overpaid 1c was 10c, a common error
Ottawa MAY 18, 1818
Springfield MA, MAY 20 receiver

Airmail service in the US available, 10c per 1/2 oz.
Feb. 1, 1927 to July 31, 1928

Seven Islands,
QUE MR 9, 1928
to Portland OR,
MAR 14 receiver



Airmail service in the US available, 10c per 1/2 oz.
Feb. 1, 1927 to July 31, 1928

Special delivery service in US, 10c
Irregular procedure- US stamp recognized in US for SD service

Port Arthur
ONT SEP 3, 1927
to Peoria via St. Paul SEP 5,
Chicago, SEP 5,
Peoria SEP 6 receiver



POST CARDS TO THE UNITED STATES - UPU Period

April 15, -1915-1943 2c per card

Short-paid cards

"RETURNED FOR WAR TAX"

Paid 1c, shortpaid;
recipient required to
pay deficiency prior to receipt,
"THIS IS THE MAIL FOR
WHICH YOU SENT
POSTAGE"

Niagara Falls, JUL 17, 1915
sent to Toronto Dead Letter
Branch, to Baltimore



Shortpaid 1c
2c due
Vancouver JUL 4, 1926
to Pasadena CA

Shortpaid 1c
1c due
Harriston ONT SP 1, 1922
to Muskegon Heights MI



POST CARDS TO AND FROM THE UNITED STATES

April 15, -1924 - 1943 2c per card

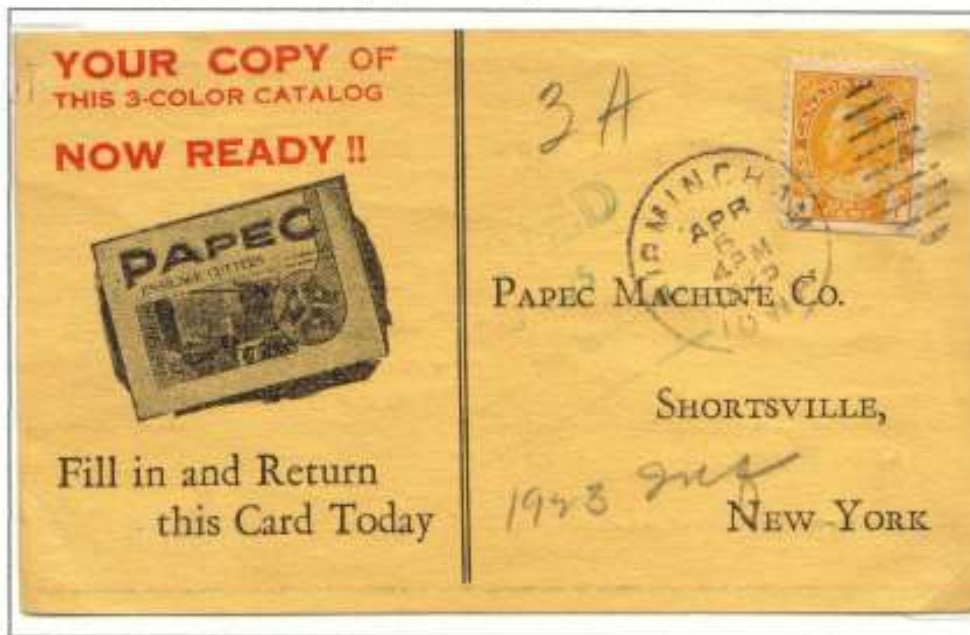
Business Reply Cards

*½ c Business Reply Card returned from the U.S.
not intended for international mail*



Chicago APR 9, 1928 to Toronto

Reply card with 1c stamp affixed mailed from one US town to another



Farmingham IA APR 6, 1925 to Shortsville, NY

POST CARDS TO NEWFOUNDLAND

2¢ per card

August 1, 1878 – 1943



Sarnia AU 3, 1882 to St. John's, AU 13 receiver



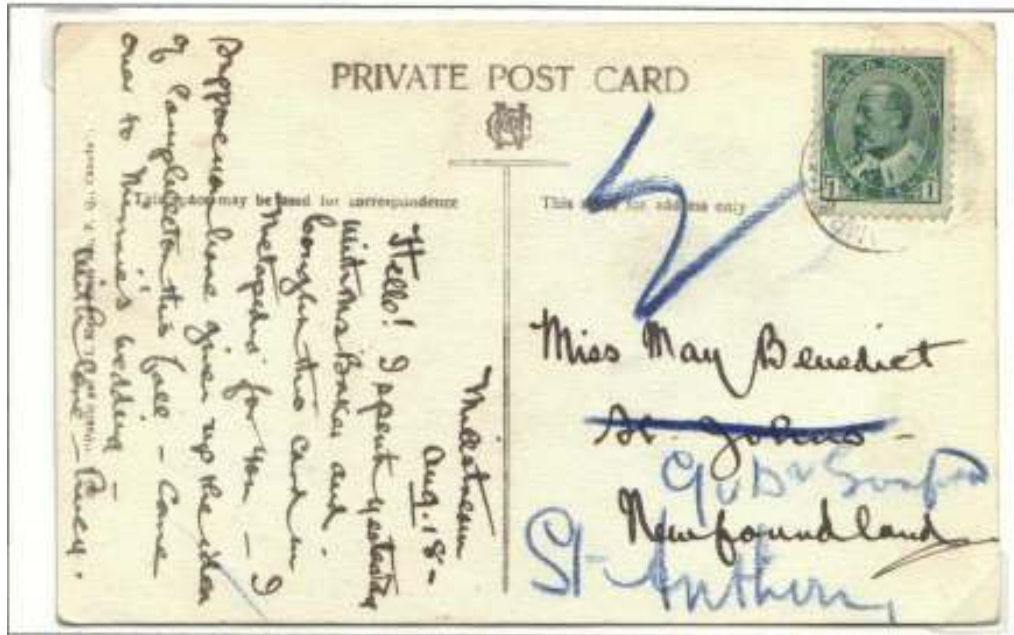
Montreal AU 30, 1890 to St. John's, SP 11 receiver; Halifax SP 2 transit on back

POST CARDS TO NEWFOUNDLAND

2c per card

August 1, 1878 - 1943

Shortpaid, 2c deficiency due



Millstream, ONT AUG 18, 1911 to St. John's, forwarded to St. Anthony

Card used as printed matter, 1c per 2 oz, 1889 - 1925



Waterloo SP 4, 1908 to St. John's

POST CARDS TO ST. PIERRE & MIQUELON

2c per card

August 1, 1878 - 1943



Halifax FE 10, 1888
via Halifax
St. Pierre ? FEVR 88 rcvr

Toronto NOV 8, 1907
St. Pierre
NOV 27 receiver



Montreal MAY 27, 1911
St. Pierre receiver

POST CARDS TO MEXICO 2c per card
 August 1, 1878 – 1943 Earliest recorded postal matter to Mexico



Toronto MAR 21, 1882
 to Vera Cruz via New York,
 MR 22 transit

New Westminster, BC
 JY 1, 1892 to
 Tehuantepec
 JUL 21 receiver

Windsor OC 1, 1904
 via Oakland CA
 OC 24 transit
 To Ocotlan, Jalisco
 NOV ? receiver



Use of card as printed matter
 Waterloo APR 21, 1915
 To Aguascalientes
 APR 30 receiver

POST CARDS TO GUATEMALA 2c per card
August 1, 1878 - 1943

via New York



Union ONT DEC 20, 1897 to Guatemala City, Hamilton transit
NY transit DEC 24, JAN 8 receiver on back



London & Warton RPO, AP 3, 1920 to Guatemala City, AP ? receiver

POST CARDS TO PANAMA, UNITED STATES OF COLOMBIA

2c per card

August 1, 1878 - 1943

via New York



Toronto JUL 26, 1886 to Panama City
indistinct Panama receiver

London, NO 26, 1887 to
Fox River Shops, Panama Railroad,
Aspinwall



POST CARDS TO
CANAL ZONE,
PANAMA,
US TERRITORY

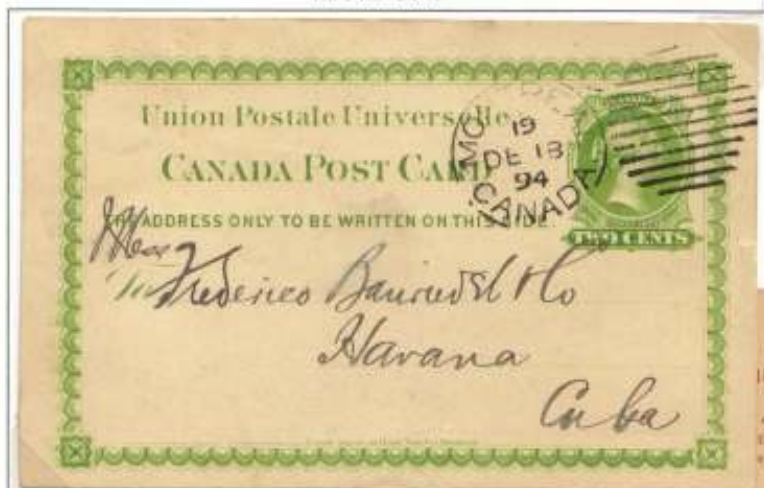
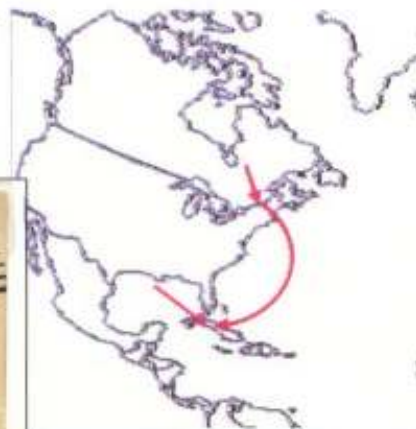
Quebec FEB 11, 1913
to Christobal
2c Admiral on reverse



POST CARDS TO THE CARIBBEAN

2c per card August 1, 1878 - 19

TO CUBA
via New York



Montreal DE 18, 1894, DE 19
NY transit, to Havana, DEC 24
transit



St. Hyacinthe FE 4
1898 to Puerto Principe



Winnipeg FE 5, 1898
Via Montreal FE 8,
NY FE 9,
Havana FE 14 rcvr

TO CUBA

via New York

2c per card August 1, 1878 - 19

Winnipeg FEB 28
1910 to Havana,
MAR 8 receiver



Montreal MAR 13, 1917
to Cardenas
MAR 19 receiver

Windsor MAR 8, 1927
to Guantanamo

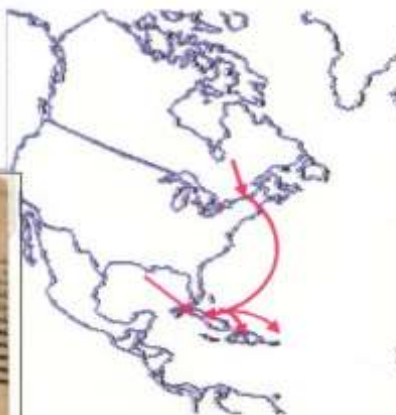


POST CARDS TO THE CARIBBEAN

2c per card August 1, 1878 - 19

TO PUERTO RICO, HAITI

via New York



Toronto MY 23, 1893,
MY 23 NY transit,
to San Juan
Per "CONTESTADA"
ex Steinbart

overpaid 1c, confusion over
War Tax
Toronto JUN 2, 1915
to San Juan



TO HAITI

Middleton, NS
AP 19, 1898
Via Halifax AP 19
Port Au Prince,
MAI 12 revr on back



TO JAMAICA

2c per card August 1, 1878 - 19
via New York



Fredricton FE 22, 1893,
FE 24 NY transit,
to Kingston, MR 3 revr
forwarded Port Maria
illegible receiver

Toronto SEP 18, 1907
to Half Way Tree P.O.
Kingston SEP 27 transit
Half Way Tree SEP 27 receiver



Dartmouth, NS
OCT 28, 1909
to Montego Bay,
Kingston NO 4 transit
Montego Bay NO 6
receiver

TO BARBADOS

2c per card August 1, 1878 - 1943
via New York

Military mail



Halifax JY 5, 1887 to the (British) Garrison,
"BARBADOS SHIP LETTER" 18 JY receiver



St. John, NB SEP 2, 1919 to Bathsheba, St. Joseph SEP 17 receiver

2c per card August 1, 1878 - 1943
via New York

TO ANTIGUA ●



Halifax MR 18, 1895
NY transit MR 30
AP 3 receiver

● TO ST. VINCENT

Toronto NO 8, 1894
to Kingstown, DEC 4 receiver



TO ST. KITTS ●



Niagara Falls
AUG 19, 1916
to Basseterre,
SP 1 receiver

TO GUADELOUPE

2c per card August 1, 1878 - 1943

via New York



Montreal DEC 12, 1928 to French soldier at camp,

TO BERMUDA



Montreal DEC 2, 1896 to St. George, DEC 7 receiver;
NY DEC 2 transit, Hamilton DEC 7 transit

TO CURACAO

2c per card August 1, 1878 - 1943
via New York



Halifax Jan 18, 1886 to Curacao, FEB 14 receiver

TO TRINIDAD



Halifax, SEP 30, 1899 to Port of Spain, OCT 23 receiver

POST CARDS TO SOUTH AMERICA

2c per card August 1, 1878 - 19

TO VENEZUELA

via New York



TO BRITISH GUIANA

Penticton BC MY 18,
1915
to Georgetown
JUN 5 receiver



Montreal MR 26, 1897,
to Caracas
"via New York"
cc Steinbart

overpaid 1c
Montreal AU 13, 1892
to Caracas
New York AUG 16 transit

TO BRAZIL

2c per card

August 1, 1878 – 1943 via New York



Fredricton, NB
DE 20, 1893
to Campinas,
JAN 25 receiver,
NY DE 23,
Rio de Janeiro JA 23
transits

Toronto JAN 11, 1892
to Rio de Janeiro,
FEB 14 receiver
New York JAN 13 transit



Montreal FE 4, 1897
to Sao Paulo
Rio de Janeiro
FEB 26 transits

TO BRAZIL

2c per card
August 1, 1878 - 1920
via New York



Winnipeg DE 18, 1916
to Porto Alegre
JAN 19 receiver

shortpaid 1c, T70 due
equal to 2c double deficiency
Violet JUL 21, 1913
To Rio de Janeiro
AUG 14 receiver

6c per card, 1921-Sep. 1925
Ottawa JAN 16, 1925
to Curitiba



4c per card, Oct. 1925-1930

shortpaid 3c=30cm due
5/8 rule adjustment=19cm
Montreal JUN 20, 1928
to Rio Grande Sul

TO ARGENTINA

2c per card August 1, 1878 - 1920
via New York

Pointe A Pic
JY 2, 1885
To Buenos Ayres



Owen Sound AUG 9
1895 to Buenos Ayres
SEP 10 receiver



Montreal AUG 27, 1913
to Buenos Ayres



TO URUGUAY

2c per card August 1, 1878 - 1920
via New York



Truro NO 15, 1897
to Montevideo
DEC 15 receiver

Ste. Adele QUE AUG 8
1904 to Montevideo
NY AUG 9 transit
SEP 10 receiver



6c per card, Oct.,
1921 - Sep. 1925
Toronto NOV 26, 1923
to Montevideo
DEC 23 receiver

TO PARAGUAY

2c per card August 1, 1878 – 1920

via New York, Buenos Aires



Quebec JA 15, 1895, to Asuncion, MR 16 receiver, Buenos Aires FE 22 transit



TO PERU

2c per card August 1, 1878 - 1920
via New York

Halifax MR 17, 1884
to Lima
New York MR 19 transit
APR 1r receiver



one of the earliest recorded items to Peru
Halifax OC 17, 1883
To Lima
NY OCT 19 transit
NOV ? receiver

Paris, ONT AU 16, 1906
to Lima
very unusual transit mark:
"TRANSITO PANAMA
24 AGO (August)"



TO PERU

2c per card August 1, 1878 - 1920
via New York

Canadian soldier's letter from Western front



Field Post Office 3.X (3rd Brigade, 1st Div.) 17 OCT, 1915 to Lima
NOV 14 receiver on back



Montreal AUG 2, 11917 to Lima

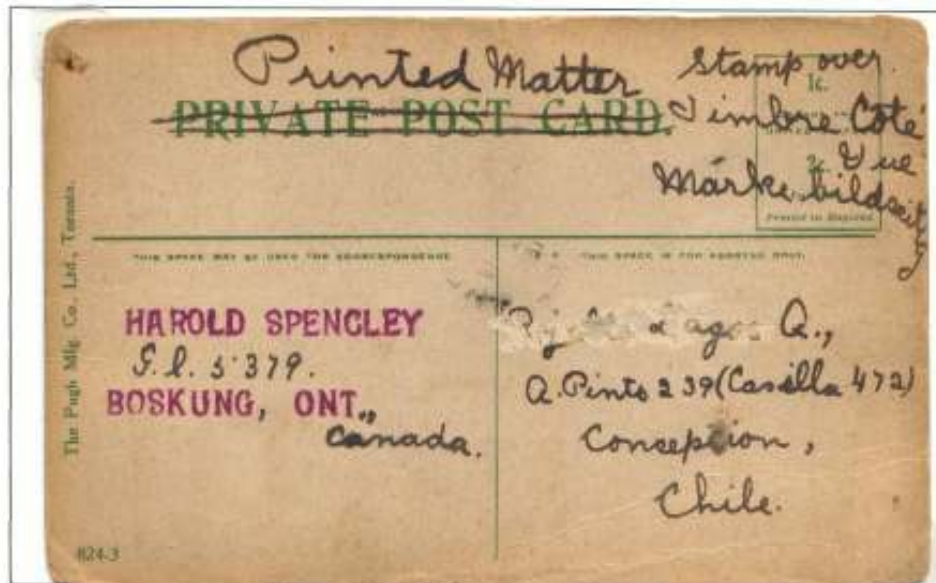
TO CHILE

2c per card August 1, 1878 - 1920
via New York



Montreal JUN 19, 1905 to Santiago, JUL 18 receiver

Card sent as printed matter, 2c per 2 oz Oct. 1925



Boscung, ONT, 25, 1926 to Concepcion

TO CHILE

via New York
2c per card August 1, 1878 - 1921



Niagara Falls MR 9, 1921 to Santiago

6c per card, Oct. 1921 - Sep. 1925



Montreal, JUN 1, 1925 to Valparaíso, JUN 21 receiver on back

POST CARDS TO EUROPE – UPU PERIOD

TO THE UNITED KINGDOM

2c per card
August 1, 1878 – 1943



To Island of Jersey



St. John, NB DEC 20, 1880
to Belgravia, Liverpool JAN 1 transit

Foxwarren MAN AU 21, 1893
to London



Rat Portage ONT
JY 3, 1897 to
London, JY 14 receiver

TO THE UNITED KINGDOM

2c per card

August 1, 1878 - 1943



postcard used as
printed matter, 1c per 2 oz
1875 - 1925
Montreal AP 2, 1913
to Isle of Wight

Winnipeg AU 25, 1905
to Belfast, Ireland



Shortpaid 1c, 5cm = 1c
double deficiency = 1d
Montreal MAR 9, 1904
to London, MR 19 rcvr,
MR 21 receiver

TO THE UNITED KINGDOM

2c per card

August 1, 1878 - 1943

postcard used as
printed matter, 1c per 2 or
1875 - 1925
Montreal OCT 2, 1914
to Birmingham
forwarded to Chester



Shortpaid 1c, "T10" =
double deficiency = 1d
"1D / IRS"
Warwick ON SP 10: 1912
to Brentford

Shortpaid 1c, "1D IRS"
double deficiency = 1d
1d postage due stamp
Vernon BC NO 12, 1914
to London, NOV 30 rcvr
MR 21 receiver



TO FRANCE

2c per card

August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921



use of UK card prior to issuance of UPU card
St. Hyacinthe MAY 15, 1879 to Paris
Montreal MY 16 transit
London MY 27 transit
MY 28 Calais transit

Saltau-Recollet, QUE
OCT 20, 1879 to Paris
London NO 3 transit
NO 3 Calais transit
NO 3 Paris receiver



shortpaid 1c = 5cm
double deficiency = 10cm du
paid 10cm French postage due stamp
Montreal MR 11, 1893 to Paris
London MR 22 transit
Paris MR 22 receiver



TO FRANCE
2c per card
August 1, 1878 – Sept. 30, 1921

as of 1890 domestic cards were
permitted with 1c added
Upper St. Basil NB
AP 23, 1890 to Paris
London MY 6 transit

shortpaid 1c, "T" indicates
due 10cm, paid French postage due
Toronto SEP 30, 1904
to Rouen, OCT 7 receiver



Pictures not allowed on
address side until 1899
shortpaid 3c for letter rate
equal to 15cm
"15" and "T" marks
Montreal OCT 8, 1898
to Pas de Calais
OCT 28 receiver

TO FRANCE

2c per card Aug. 1, 1878 - Sep. 30, 1921



forwarded to Switzerland
10 cm French postage
due stamp (should
have been forwarded free of charge)
Montreal JUL 29, 1912
to Loire, AUG 6 receiver
Lucerne AUG 11 receiver

6c per card, Oct. 1, 1921 -
SEP 30, 1925

La Trappe QUE
NOV 21, 1923
to Paris



"INSUFFICIENTLY
PREPAID, 6" (due)
3c shortpaid
double deficiency due 30cm,
paid French postage due
Glen W? AU ?, 1922
to Valentigney
AUG 21 receiver

TO LUXEMBOURG

2c per card
August 1, 1878 -Sept. 30, 1921



Windsor JY 28, 1882 to Luxembourg City,
 Hamilton JY 29 transit, London UK AU 14 transit



Hamilton JUL 19, 1900 to Mersch, Luxembourg
 Luxembourg JUL 30 transit, Mersch JUL 30 receiver

Winnipeg OC 16, 1885
to Amsterdam, OC 31 receiver
Hamilton OC 19 transit



Beloeil Station SP 22, 1908
to The Hague, OC 3 receiver

6c per card, Oct. 1, 1921 –
SEP 30, 1925
1c shortpaid, "T" mark
double deficiency due 20c,
Regina DEC 9, 1921
to Amsterdam



TO BELGIUM

2c per card

August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921

Quebec OC 9, 1883
to Brussels, OC 20 receiver



Bathurst, NB OC 21, 1897
to Brussels, NOV 5 receiver

via New York
Shawinigen Falls, QUE
AP 3, 1907
to Brussels, AP 14 receiver



TO BELGIUM

2c per card Aug. 1, 1878 - Sep. 30, 1921



card used for printed matter
1c/20c, 1879-1926
Montreal JUN 30, 1913
to Antwerp



divided back cards not allowed
until June 1906, rated as
a letter, 3c shortpaid,
equal to 30 cm due
Belgian postage due stamp
Hamilton FE 25, 1905
to Loire, AUG 6 receiver
Lucerne AUG 11 receiver



6c per card, Oct. 1, 1921 -
SEP 30, 1925
3c shortpaid, "T30" mark
double deficiency due 30cm,
paid Belgian postage due
Ottawa JUL 5, 1923
to Gand
AUG 21 receiver

TO SWITZERLAND

2c per card August 1, 1878 –
Sept. 30, 1921

Yorkville MY 15, 1893 to Geneva
London UK MY 24 transit, OC 28 rcvr



Berlin OC 24, 1900
to Zurich, NO 5 rcvr



Mount Forest JU 11, 1894 to
St. Imier, JU 22 receiver



Montreal MAR 11, 1908 to
Zurich, MAR 20 receiver



Fort William ONT MAY 8, 1913
To Bern



UPU German reply card
 Nanaimo JA 20, 1892
 to Lippe

TO GERMANY
 2c per card August 1, 1878 -
 Sept. 30, 1921
 Kingston NO 23, 1880 to Naumburg
 London UK ? transit,
 forwarded to Jena



Berlin ONT FE 8, 1898
 to Weinbohla
 FE 12 receiver



Montreal DEC 18, 1900 to
 Barmen, MAR 20 receiver

TO GERMANY

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921

nonconforming to UPU requirements, rated "T" as a shortpaid letter, 6c=30cm = 25 pfennigs due. "25" Grand Fonds, QUE JU 17, 1898 to Darmstadt, JY 7 rcvr



shortpaid 1c "T5" due 10pf
Quebec DE 20, 1898
to Gotha, JA 3, 1899 rcvr

shortpaid 1c "T5" due 10pf
Field BC SEP 11, 1897
to Hamburg, SEP 27 rcvr
FE 12 receiver



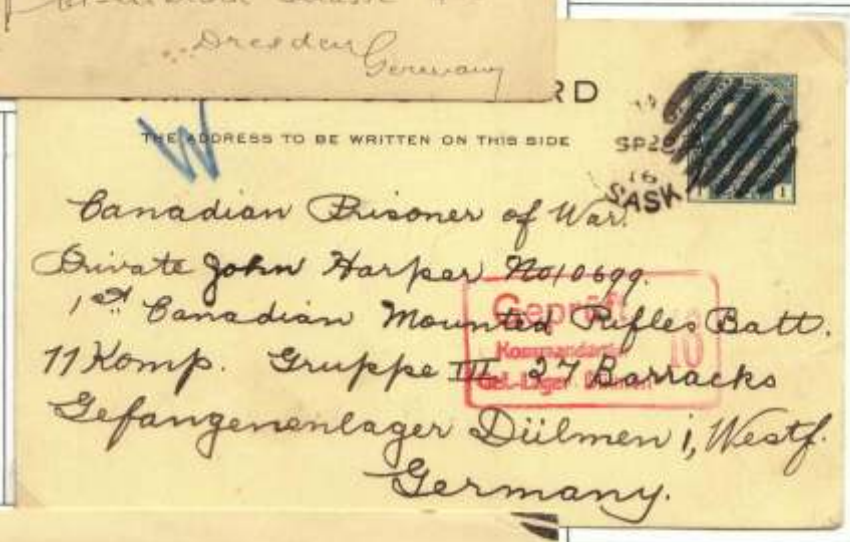
TO GERMANY

2c per card Aug. 1, 1878 - Sep. 30, 1921



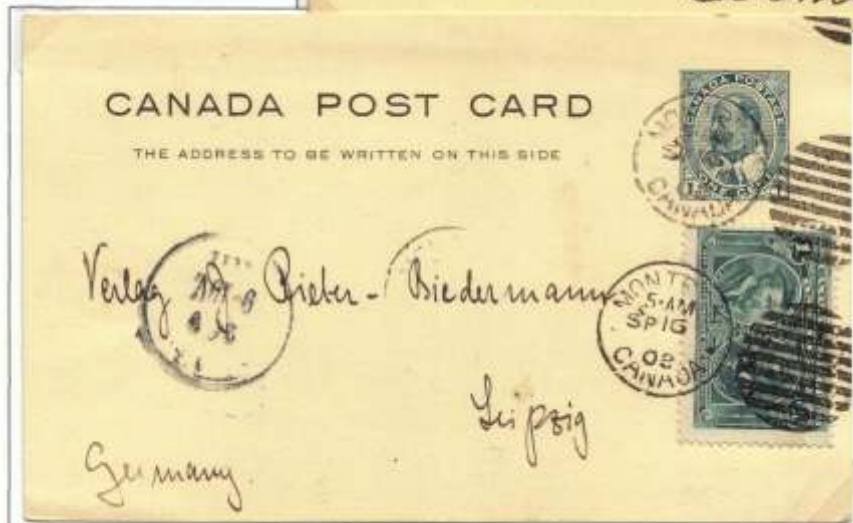
card used for printed matter
1c / 2c, 1879-1926
Montreal MAY 1, 1912
to Dresden

Montreal SP 16, 1908
to Leipzig



CANADA POST CARD

THE ADDRESS TO BE WRITTEN ON THIS SIDE



Mailed to prisoner of war
no postage required
Veregin SEP 28, 1916
to POW camp Duellmen
Censored at camp

nonconforming to UPU requirements, triple fold card, rated "Porto" as a shortpaid letter, 6c due = 30cm = 25 pfennigs due. "25" Montreal SEP 29, 1912 to Frankfurt, JY 7 rcvt



6c per card, Oct. 1, 1921 - SEP 30, 1925
2c shortpaid, "T20" mark
double deficiency due 20cm,
equal to 3M.50pf
Queenston SP 5, 1922
to Leipzig

6c per card, Oct. 1, 1921 - SEP 30, 1925
1c shortpaid, double deficiency due 20cm, minimum UPU due T30 = 30cm = 20pf
Brantford MR 23, 1925 to Weimar



TO AUSTROHUNGARIAN EMPIRE

2c per card August 1, 1878—Sept. 30, 1921

domestic card forwarded
shortpaid 1c, 'T5'= 4 kreuzer
Toronto OC 28, 1896
to Vienna, NO 10 receiver



to Hungary, AP 4 1903,
to Prague, JUN 23 1902



Hamilton OC 31, 1892
to Vienna, ? NOV rcvr

TO AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN EMPIRE

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921

Halifax AU 3, 1905
to Steinschoenau, Bohemia
AU 14 receiver



Montreal DEC 20, 1913
to Vienna, JAN. 5 receiver



registered
post card
Maisonneuve QUE
AU 18, 1906
to Innsbruck, AU 29 rcvr

TO CZECHOSLOVAKIA

6c per card, Oct. 1, 1921 –
SEP 30, 1925
Dundas SEP 25, 1924
to Prague



2c per card
August 1, 1878 –
Sept. 30, 1921
Montreal AUG 21, 1919
to Plzen, Bohemia

TO HUNGARY

6c per card, Oct. 1, 1921 –
SEP 30, 1925
4c shortpaid, double deficiency
due 40c, minimum UPU
due "T40"
Toronto SEP 6, 1925
to Budapest



TO ROUMANIA

2c per card
August 1, 1878 –
Sept. 30, 1921
Montreal AUG 21, 1919
to Plzen, Bohemia



6c per card, Oct. 1, 1921 –
SEP 30, 1925
5c shortpaid, double deficiency
due 50cm,
Montreal APR 14, 1925
to Lugof, APR 30 revr

4c per card, Oct. 1, 1925 –
1930
Montreal SEP 6, 1927
to Cluj, SEP 17 receiver



TO DENMARK

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921



shortpaid 1c, due 10cm
Ottawa NO 19, 1889
to Copenhagen
London UK DE 3 transit
DE 6 receiver

Montreal FEB 6 1912,
to Copenhagen

Messrs Adolphe Trier & Goldsmith
Copenhagen

Denmark



nonconforming to UPU requirements
shortpaid as letter, 3c= "T15" due
Forest ONT JUL 31, 1906
to Tylland

Winnipeg MAY 8, 1912
to Taastrop



TO SWEDEN

2¢ per card August 1, 1878 –
Sept. 30, 1921

Montreal AP 7, 1896 to Stockholm
AP 19 receivers



6¢ per card, Oct. 1, 1921 –
SEP 30, 1925

shortpaid 2¢ = 20c due
minimum UPU fee T30
= 20 ore

St Jean QUE JUN 9, 1924
to 7borg



4¢ per card,
Oct. 1, 1925 –
1930
Vancouver SEP 12
1928 to Goteborg



TO NORWAY

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921



Point St. Maurice QUE DE 9, 1913 to Finstad

6c per card, Oct. 1, 1921 - Sep. 30, 1925

shortpaid 1c = 10cm due, minimum UPU fee T30 = 25 ore



St. Jean QUE JUN 9, 1924 to Myrordalen

15 ore variety, re-entry bottom right side

TO ICELAND
via Copenhagen or Oslo

2c per card August 1, 1878 -
Sept. 30, 1921

Winnipeg AUG 6, 1911
to Reykjavik



Winnipeg SEP 1, 1913
to Reykjavik

4c per card,
Oct. 1, 1925 - 1930

1c overpaid
Winnipeg DEC 1. 1926
to Reykjavik



TO RUSSIAN EMPIRE



2c per card August 1, 1878 –
Sept. 30, 1921

Toronto JA 8, 1896
to Moscow

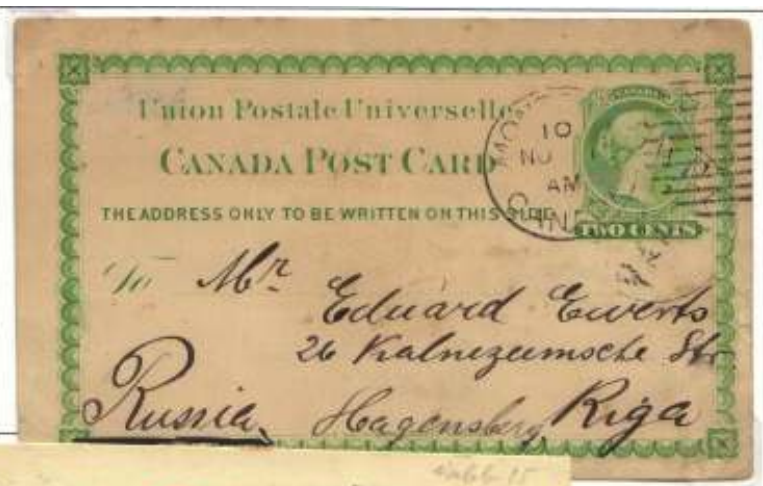
Brockville NOV 6, 1897
to Moscow, NOV 18 revr



censored in Russia
Brockville AUG 30, 1916
to Moscow
SEP 15 receiver

TO RUSSIAN EMPIRE
2c per card August 1, 1878 -
Sept. 30, 1921

to Latvia
Montreal NOV 1, 18962
to Riga



to Finland
Victoria JA 26, 1897
to Uleaborg, FEB 17 rcvr



to Finland
Kamloops JA 11, 1909
to Fayala?



to Poland
Kingston MAY 10, 1910
to Warsaw
MAY ? receiver

TO FINLAND

4c per card, Oct. 1, 1925 - 1930

Vancouver JUL 5. 1927
to Tampere



shortpaid 5c, due 10c=50cm
"T50" = 2 marks (crayon)
Montreal DEC 29, 1927
to Kotka, JAN 11 rcvt

Shortpaid 1c, due 2c=10cm
Blackcalds, ALTA AP 27,
1926
to Lovisa



TO LATVIA

2c per card, 1878 - Sep. 30, 1921

Quebec SEP 30. 1920
to Riga



6c per card.
Oct. 1, 1921 - Sep 30, 1925 -
Registration 10c
10c stamp lost/fell off
shortpaid 6c, due 10c=30cm
"T30" = 12 marks (pencil)
Vancouver MAR 20, 1924
to Griva., APR 11 rcvr
forwarded to Daugawpolis
APR 12 rcvr

4c per card Oct. 1, 1925 - 1930
St. Catharines DEC 3,
1927
to Riga



TO SPAIN

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921

Quebec JUN 2,
1886
to Barcelona



St. John JAN 14, 1908
to Barcelona



card used as printed
matter, 1c per 2oz,
1878 - 1926
Montreal JAN 7
1920 to Madrid

TO PORTUGAL

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921

Montreal OC 21,
1890
to Coimbra
NOV 4 receiver



Centerville NS JUN 3, 1912
to Retubal
JUN 18 receiver



card used as printed
matter, 1c per 20g,
1878 - 1926
Deschaumbault MAR 14
1917 to Lisbon
APR 4 receiver
censored cancel in Portugal

TO ITALY

2c per card August 1, 1878 –
Sept. 30, 1921

St. Hyacinthe DEC 9, 1899
to Rome, DEC 23 receiver



Middleton NS NO 21, 1897
to A Borgo Bruggiano
DEC 3 rcvr

Montreal MR 19, 1898
to Catane, APR 2 rcvr



Niagara Falls JUN 29, 1907
to Palazzolo Sou' Oglio
AUG 11 receiver

TO BULGARIA

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921

via Constantinople
Toronto MR 22,
1886
to Philippopol
London UK transit AP 1
Constantinople transit
APR 10 receiver



Nicolet QUE NO 15, 1904
to Sophia
NOV 16 (Orthodox calendar)
receiver



6c per card
Oct. 1, 1921 -
Sep. 30, 1925
shortpaid 3c
due 6c = 30cm = "T30"
Ottawa MAR 2
1924 to Sophia

TO BULGARIA

4c per card Oct. 1, 1925 - 1930



Niagara Falls AUG 5, 1927 to Sofia

TO GREECE

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921



Toronto, JUN 3, 1890 to Patras

TO AFRICA – UPU PERIOD 1878 - 1928

2c per card August 1, 1878 –Sept. 30, 1921

TO SOUTH AFRICA



via New York

"POST CARDS TO THIS ADDRESS
CANNOT BE FORWARDED"



ex Steinbart

Halifax AP 9, 1886 to Capetown

shortpaid 1c, not collected

Regina & Prince Rupert
RPO, JUL 30, 1911 to
Durban, Natal, AU 31 revr



TO SOUTH AFRICA
2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921



Laggan, ALTA,
SP 22, 1913
to Plumstead

St. Stephen & Annapolis
RPO, AU 3, 1920
to East London, SA

This is the bridge over
the S. John River, a
very broad river, alongside
which the railway goes.
The scenery is very fine

Miss Alison Todd
13 King St
East London
South Africa



TO
SOUTHWEST AFRICA
censored
Waterloo NO 30, 1918
to Keetmanshoop
forwarded to Windhoek

TO RHODESIA

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921



Hull QUE, JA 9, 1913 to Bulawayo

overpaid 2c

5 Québec le 18-6-1913

OFFICIAL SOUVENIR POST CARD

QUEBEC TER-CENTENARY CELEBRATION

1608-1908

S. Plourin F. 37

THIS SPACE FOR CORRESPONDENCE

Bien chère Correspondante
je réponds à votre aimable
carte qui m'a fait bien
plaisir mais me dites
que vous n'avez pas
aviez pas répondu mais
aujourd'hui je m'empresse
de vous l'envoyer
5 cartes 1 pour vous
remettre celle que vous
avez envoyée à mon père

THIS SPACE FOR ADDRESS ONLY

Monsieur
Emily S. Masters
Box 585 Bulawayo
(Rhodesia)
Afrique du Sud

Quebec, JU 19, 1913 to Bulawayo

TO KENYA

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921



Quebec, OC 29, 1923 to Lamu, EAP (East Africa Protectorate), DEC 11 receiver

TO EAST AFRICA AND UGANDA PROTECTORATE



Winnipeg, NO 26, 1907 to Fort Hall, JA 15 receiver
Mombasa JA 9 transit, Nairobi JA 10 transit

via Mombasa



TO GERMAN EAST AFRICA

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921

via Aden

via British P & O ship through Suez to Aden
transfer to German coastal or transocean ship at Aden
to Zanzibar and Dar Es Salaam



Hamilton, SP 11, 1893 to Bagamoyo, OC 20 receiver
Aden OC 3 transit, Dar Es Salaam OC 19 transit

TO CONGO FREE STATE

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921

via Antwerp and Lisbon



Winnipeg AP 15, 1907 to Boma, Lisbon APR 28 transit, Boma May 18 receiver

TO BELGIAN CONGO

6c per card Oct 1, 1921 - Sep. 30, 1925

card paid 2c, treated as printed matter rate, 1c per 2 oz.

via Antwerp



Cap Rouge, QUE MR 13, 1922 to Mushie
forwarded to Rotterdam, AUG 2 receiver, forwarded to Amsterdam

TO FRENCH WEST AFRICAN COLONIES

2c per card August 1, 1878-Sept. 30, 1921

TO SENEGAL

Montreal
MR 31, 1919
to Rufisque
Paris "Etranger" (Foreign)
P.O. APR 13 transit



TO FRENCH CONGO

Montreal
JUL 2, 1910
to Brazzaville
AUG 22 receiver

TO GABON

6c per card Oct. 1, 1921 -
Sep. 30, 1925
paid 18c
Centerville ONT
NO 9, 1926
to Samkita



TO FRENCH NORTH AFRICAN COLONIES

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921

TO ALGERIA

Hamilton AP 7, 1897
to Dra-el Mizan

indistinguishable
receiver



Whitby & Manila RPO
AU 12 1899 to
La Maison - Carree
? SEP receiver

4c per card Oct. 1, 1925 - 1930

Montreal
FEB 27, 1928
to Bouzarea
MAR ? receiver



2c per card August 1, 1878—Sept. 30, 1921

3241

CANADA POST

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE

TANGIER

1903

Messrs. Falk & Poth,

Poste Restante

~~TANGIER,~~

Weinheim (Baden)

~~MOROCCO,~~

Germany.

803.1124
BRANDEROTTE

frein
100
J

CARTE POSTALE

La Correspondance au recto s'écrit en français
The Correspondence on this side in English

CORRESPONDANCE

ADRESSE

M. Léon Henry,
Cus. des P.T.T.
Oudja
Maroc

Mr. H. Bellin
R.S.P.
25 St. 9
Canada

To

THE INTERNATIONAL STATIONERY CO. - PICTON, CANADA.

*Je vous envoie
de l'argent
pour l'usage de
votre famille.
Bonne nuit.*

POST CARD

RECEIVED
7 PM
NOV 21
13
CANADA
TANAGER

ADDRESS ONLY

206

2

Tommy Henry Desrogers
Cte 26 1/2 - 2e Rte de Goin
En subsistance à la Cte de Tégou
Carabanca
Mexico
Maroc Occidental

TO FRENCH TUNISIA

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921



Sydney NS JUL 25, 1893 to Tunis, AU 11 receiver

ex Steinbart

TO CANARY ISLANDS (SPANISH)

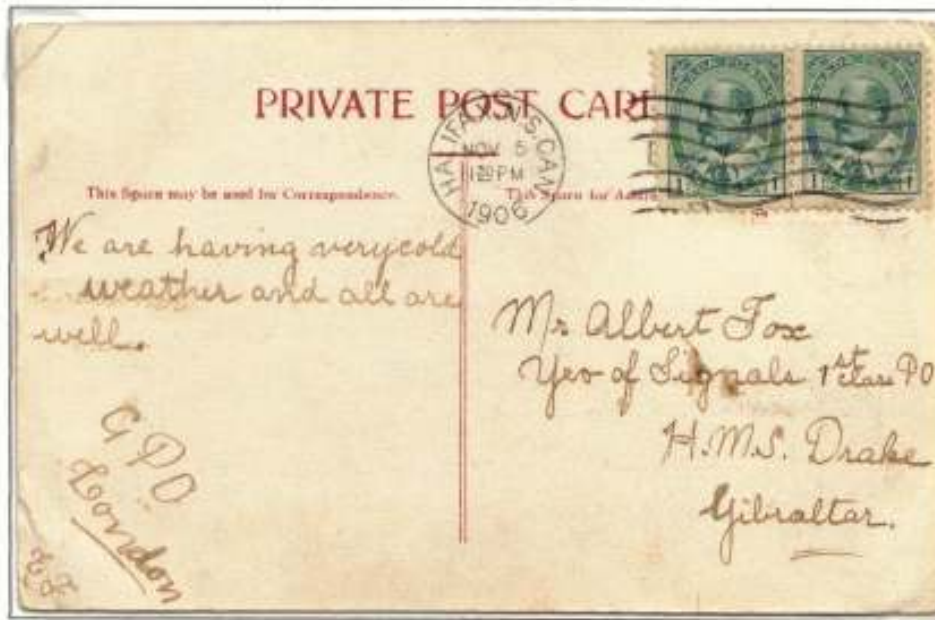
2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921



Waterloo ONT AU 13, 1898 to Las Palmas

TO GIBRALTAR (BRITISH)

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921



Halifax NS NOV 5, 1906 to British seaman, to reach him at Gibraltar

TO CRETE (INDEPENDENT, 1898 - 1913)

card used as printed matter, 1c per 2 oz, 1878 - 1926



Rivier du Loup Station QUE DE 15, 1908 to Lacanac
Xania transit 30 DEC

TO MALTA (BRITISH)

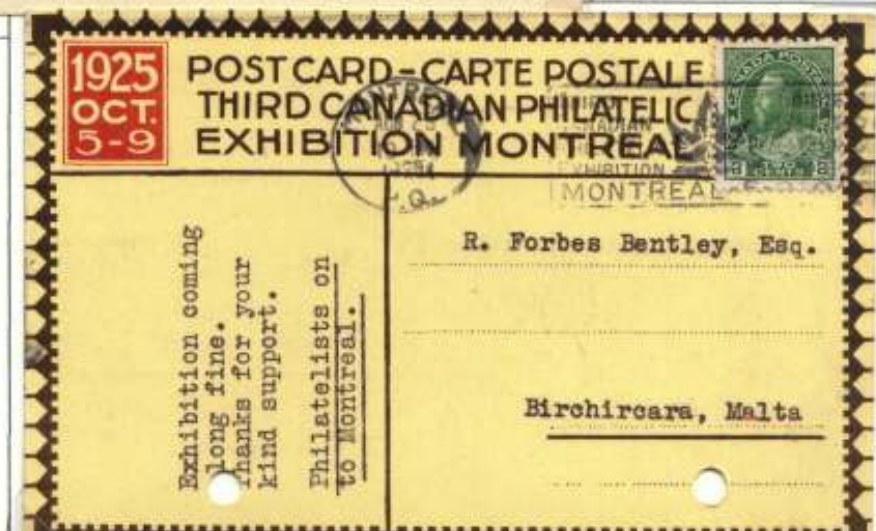
2c per card August 1,
1878 - Sept. 30, 1921

Toronto AUG 30, 1903
to Sliema,
Valetta SEP 12 receiver
Sliema SEP 12 receiver



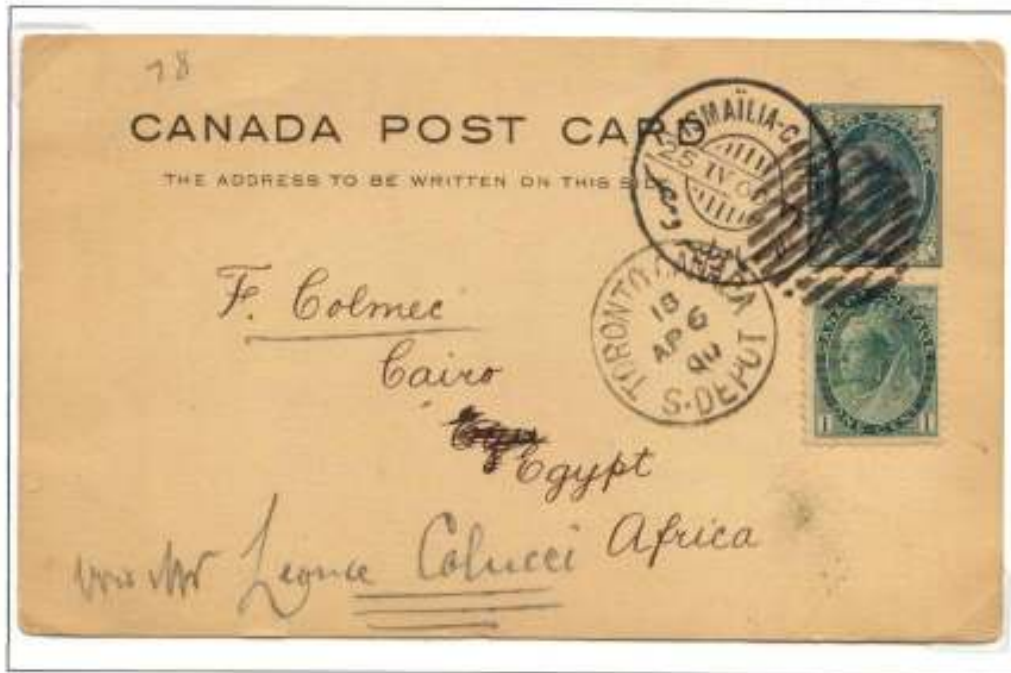
shortpaid 1c, "T5",
double deficiency = 1d due
Quebec DE 24, 1905
to Sliema, MAR 14 rcvr

Montreal AU 23, 1925
to Birchircara
Valetta SEP 14 receiver



TO EGYPT (BRITISH ADMINISTRATION)

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921



Toronto AP 6, 1900 to Cairo, AP 25 receiver



Galt ONT AP 20, 1905 to Zagazig, MAY 5 receiver

TO OTTOMAN EMPIRE

TO TURKEY

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921



Halifax JA 8, 1889 to Constantinople, British Post Office JA 25 receiver

ex Stein



Montreal DE 22, 1891 to Constantinople. British Post Office JA 5 receiver

TO OTTOMAN EMPIRE

TO TURKEY

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921



Vancouver OCT 4, 1912 to DedeAgatsch, OCT 17 receiver

card sent at printed matter rates 1c per 2 oz, 1878 - 1925



Waterloo MAY 6, 1913 to Constantinople, MAY 25 receiver

TO PERSIA

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921

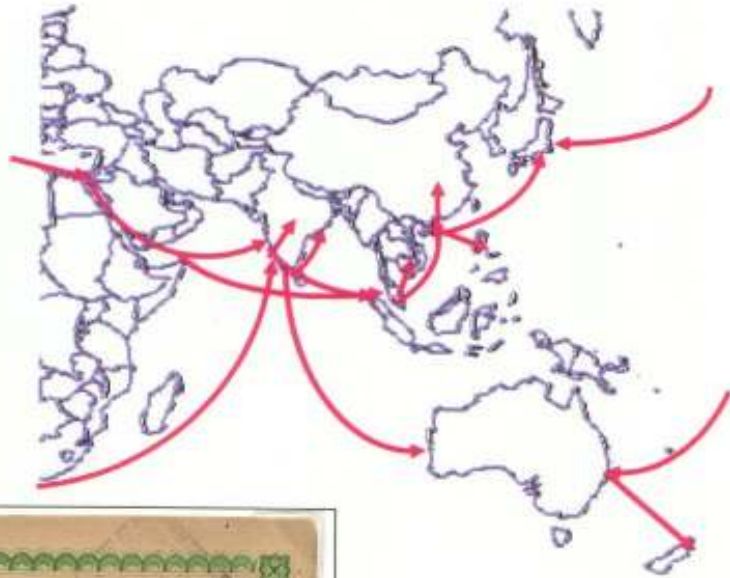


Hanover NO 19, 1894 to Tauris
Hamilton NO 19 transit
NO 25 (Eastern calendar) receiver

exc Steinbart

TO ASIA

Western Asia- via London, Suez, Aden, Bombay
 Eastern Asia- via San Francisco or Vancouver
 to Japan, China, or Sydney



TO INDIA



"SEAPOST OFFICE/A/AP 5/98"
 Lindsay MR 8, 1898 to Kanigiri
 AP 14 receiver

"SEAPOST OFFICE/
 B/JL 4/93"
 Toronto JUN 8, 1893
 to Calcutta



TO INDIA

2¢ per card August 1,
1878-1930

probably via Singapore
Vancouver SP 8, 1905
to Kurslong,
OCT 20 receiver



Windsor AU 10, 1908
to Allahabad
SEP 5 receiver

Montreal JAN 10, 1912
to Trimulgherry, Deccan
Valetta SEP 14 receiver



TO CEYLON

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921



Montreal NO 21, 1893 to Calle, DE 20 receiver, Colombo DE 19 transit



Winnipeg JUL 10, 1905 to Kotte, AU 11 receiver, Colombo AU 10 transit
Forwarded to Godanduwa, AU 18 receiver

TO STRAITS SETTLEMENTS

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921



Winnipeg 1916 to Penang, JUN 17, 1916 receiver



Harriston AP 19, 1920 to Penang



TO SINGAPORE
2c per card August 1, 1878 –
Sept. 30, 1921

Puslinch, ONT DE ?
Hamilton DE 9, 1893 transit
to Singapore,
JA 17, 1894 receiver

via Straits Settlements,
western route
Victoria JA 29 1909 to
Singapore
MAR 12 transit
"Penang to Singapore"



TO SIAM

Hanley, SASK
OC 23, 1908
to Bangkok
DEC 1 receiver



TO
FRENCH INDOCHINA
2c per card August 1, 1878 -
Sept. 30, 1921

card used for
printed matter 1c/2 oz

via Hong Kong
Montreal FE 25, 1907
to Dap Cau, Vietnam
APR 5 receiver
APR 1 Hong Kong transit

Montreal JU 17 1907 to
Dap Cau, Vietnam
AUG 14 receiver



Quebec JA 18, 1911
to Langson, Vietnam
MAR 8 receiver

TO PHILIPPINES

2c per card August 1, 1878 - Sept. 30, 1921



Montreal JA 3, 1893 to Iloilo

ex Steinbart



Winnipeg JUL 13, 1905 to Bagio, Manila AU 24 transit

TO CHINA

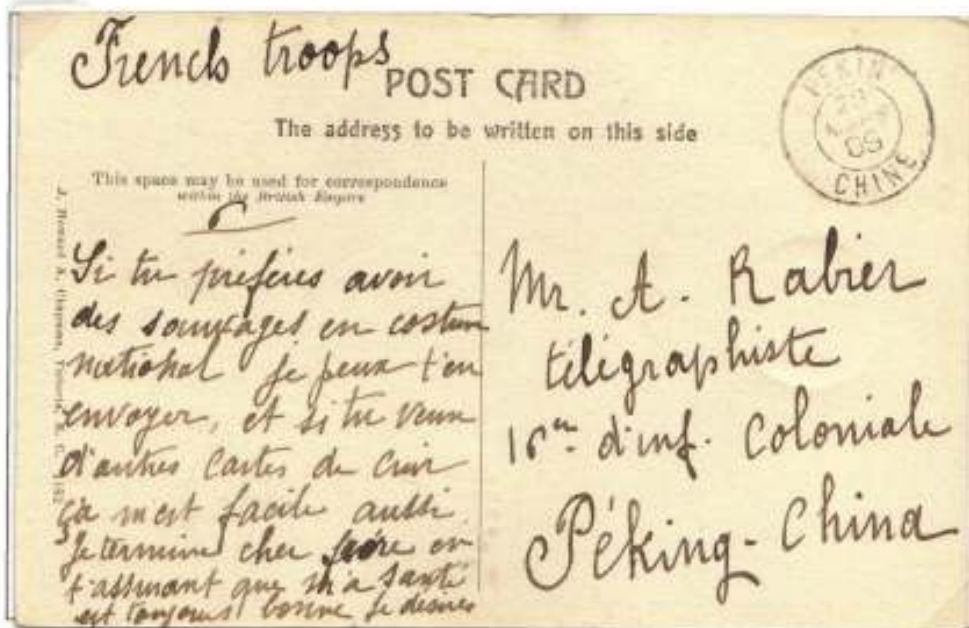
2c per card August 1, 1878-Sept. 30, 1921



Winnipeg & Yorkton RPO MR 20, 1911 to Hwai Kungfu, Houan, North China
Shanghai AP 20 transit

card paid 1c, not charged any deficiency, probably due to soldier's letter, military receiver

to French soldier



Edmonton FE 15, 1909 to Pekin, MR 28 receiver (French military P. O.)

2c per card August 1, 1878—
Sept. 30, 1921

[illegible]

PUBLISHED BY THE NEW YORK
 RECORD
 RECEIVED
 AUG 11 1901
 SHANGHAI
 CHINA
 Mrs. W. M. States,
 544 Rue Rataud,
 Shanghai
 China

2c per card 1912—
SEP. 30, 1921
Montreal, JUN. 12, 1915
Macao receiver

Published by the Canadian Pacific
Illustrated by the Canadian Pacific

HONGKONG
JUN 14 1911

MACAO
JUN 14 7-PM 1911

CHINA

Madame C. Ricou
Macao
China

二下月
二

TO JAPAN

2c per card August 1, 1878 –
Sept. 30, 1921

via Tacoma

Steveston BC MR 17, 1896
to Osaka-Sakai
Vancouver MR 17 transit
Tacoma MR 18 transit
indecipherable receiver



*card used as printed matter
improperly charged 1c extra*

Dunnville ONT
FE 1 1894 to
Yokohama
MAR 10 receiver
Stratford FE 1 transit

Victoria JA 2, 1899
to Kyoto
Yokohama JAN 16 transit





TO JAPAN
2c per card August 1, 1878 -
Sept. 30, 1921

Mara BC DE 10, 1907
to Shikagen

card used as printed matter

Thorburn, NS
AU 19 1909 to
Kobe
MAR 10 receiver
Halifax AU 19 transit



Ottawa JUL 31, 1912
to Nagoya



TO JAPAN

2c per Card,
1912-SEP. 30, 1921

Rivers Inlet BC
DEC. 18, 1915
to Shikagen

6c per Card Oct. 1, 1921-
Sep. 30, 1925

Prince Rupert
AUG. 8, 1923
To Tokyo



4c per Card
Oct. 1, 1925-
June 30, 1930
Shortpaid 2c,
double deficiency
4c = 20 centimes,
rated 13 centimes due
rated 5 sen due
Vancouver FEB 11, 1928
To Tosa

TO KINGDOM OF HAWAII

2c per card August 1, 1878 -
Sept. 30, 1921

via San Francisco

Montreal DEC 10, 1896

to Makaweli, Lanai

Vancouver DEC 15 transit

San Francisco DEC 19 transit

Makaweli Jan 6, 1897 receiver



TO FIJI

Winnipeg OCT 3, 1909
to Suva



Bamfield BC
NO 26, 1914
to Suva
DEC 14 receiver

TO NEW ZEALAND

2c per card August 1, 1878 –
1930

via San Francisco
Berlin ONT JA 16, 1899
to Christchurch, FE 9 revr



reply card
Montreal JAN 24, 1908
to Wellington

via San Francisco
Vancouver AU 8, 1904
to Port Chalmers
San Francisco AUG 11
transit
Christchurch transit



TO AUSTRALIA

2c per card August 1, 1878–Sept. 30, 1921

via Vancouver

Toronto OCT 6, 1893
to Melbourne, Victoria
Vancouver OCT 21 transit



Hector BC APR 18, 1898
to Coolgardie, Western Australia
"Traveling Post Office/JU 2/98/WA"
transit
Coolgardie JU 4 receiver



Vancouver OCT 27, 1906 to St. Peters, South Australia, indistinct receiver on back

2c per card August 1, 1878 -
1930

FAMOUS
POST CARD

HELP
THE HAMILTON
MOUNTAIN
SANATORIUM.
FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

Mt. Hamilton
JAN 15 1895 PM

Dear Friend,
I hope you will like this
view of the Ambitious City.
as Hamilton is called. Things
do not seem very ambitious
here at present though I suppose
it is going to rise up & soon
be as busy as they have got to be
already now. I wish to hear
from you again soon. Best wishes
for New Year's Day.
Yours faithfully,
George W. Gifford.

Miss A. Bowring.
69 Barrack St.
Hobart.
Tasmania.

2c per card August 1, 1878 –
1930

Fanning Island was annexed by Great Britain in 1888 to facilitate laying of the Pacific cable—this card is addressed to a person associated with the Pacific Cable project

